

DENTCA Try-In for Carbon Printers - Directions for Use

Prescription Use Statement

Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of dentist or any other practitioner licensed by the law of the State in which he/she practices to us or order the use of the device.

Indications for Use

DENTCA Try-In for Carbon printers is a light-curable resin indicated for fabrication of temporary Try-In denture before making a final denture. The material is an alternative to traditional heat-curable and auto polymerizing resins to make a Try-In denture.

The fabrication of Try-In denture with DENTCA Try-In for Carbon printers requires the following components: digital denture files based on a digital impression, a stereolithographic additive printer, and curing light equipment.

Requirements

1. Digital denture base file in STL format
2. Carbon Printer (M1 or M2) and Software
3. Dymax ECE 5000 with Hg Bulb or Dreve PCU LED

Basic Material Properties

Characteristics/Properties	Units	Specification
Before Curing (Liquid state)		
Viscosity at 25 ±0.5 °C	cps	1000 < X < 2000
Density	g/cm ³	1.05 < X < 1.20
Surface curing rate	second	< 2
After Curing		
Density	g/cm ³	1.15 < X < 1.25
Flexural strength	MPa	65 < X
Flexural modulus	MPa	2000 < X
Degree of Conversion	%	70 < X

Specific Manufacturing Considerations

1. Digital denture try-in file

- 1.1 File format: STL file
- 1.2 Digital design: Denture Try-In model file

2. Carbon Printer (M1 or M2) and Software

2.1 Hardware

- a. LED Wavelength: 385 nm
- b. Slice thickness: 100 micron (standard slicing) or 50 micron (fine slicing)
- c. Build Volume: M1: 141 x 79 x 326 mm; M2: 189 x 118 x 326 mm
- d. Pixel size: 75um

2.2 Carbon Printer Software

- a. STL file import
- b. Rotation and placement
- c. View Slices
- d. Auto and manual generation of supports

2.3 Printing Parameters

- a. Slice thickness: 100 micron or 50 micron
- b. Optimal Orientation: 20 – 40 degree tilted orientation
- c. Support point size: varies based on support tip chosen
- d. Support density: perimeter of denture and palatal region

2.4 Environmental Conditions

- a. Temperature: 17 – 25 °C
- b. Relative Humidity: 30 – 70 %

2.5 Cleaning Kit

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), tray, paper towels, foil, part removal tool, hand tools, 2 pairs of silicone tongs, isopropyl alcohol (IPA), labeled wash container, orbital shaker, timer, and soft silicone spatula

2.6 Recommended Printer

- a. Carbon M1 or M2

3. Recommended curing light equipment (Post curing units)

3.1 UV curing Flood Type System

Manufacturer/Model	Dymax ECE 5000 with mercury vapor bulb (36970)	Dreve PCU LED
Supply Voltage	100-240 VAC +/- 10% Single Phase	100-240V
Lamp Power	400 watt	18.5 mW/cm ²
Light Intensity	>70 mW/cm ² for Hg bulb in 320-395 nm range	410 nm
Lamp Wavelength	UVA (320-390 nm)	N/A
Curing time	20 min (10 min on each side)	30 min total (no flipping since both sides cure simultaneously)

3.2 Accessories

- a. USP Grade glycerol ($\geq 99.5\%$ purity, CAS# 56-81-5)
- b. Transparent glass container (recommend Pyrex Basics 2Qt dish: 11.1" x 7.1" x 1.7" when using Dymax or Circleware 23oz dish: 6" x 6" x 2.5" when using Dreve)
- c. 2 transparent glass plates (recommend McMaster-Carr Borosilicate Sheet - 9" x 9" x 1/8" when using Dymax or Sigma-Aldrich's Corning 75mm x 50 mm slides (CLS294775x50) when using Dreve)
- d. Large binder clip when using Dymax or electric hot plate, stainless steel pot with pouring spout, and electrical timer when using Dreve
- e. Thermocouple such as BENETECH GM1312 digital thermometer for K/J/T/E/R/S/N
- f. Heat-protective gloves
- g. Water

4. Notification

The device specifications have been validated using the software, printer, and process parameters indicated and that any changes to the above will need to be re-validated to determine if design specifications are met. If changes are made that results in outputs that are outside of the design specification, FDA clearance will be needed.

Warnings:

1. DENTCA Try-In for Carbon printers contains polymerizable monomers which may cause skin irritation (allergic contact dermatitis) or other allergic reactions in susceptible persons. If resin contacts skin, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If skin sensitization occurs, discontinue use. If dermatitis or other symptoms persist, seek medical assistance.
2. Avoid inhalation or ingestion. High vapor concentration can cause headache, irritation of eyes or respiratory system. Direct contact with eyes may cause possible corneal damage. Long-term excessive exposure to the material may cause more serious health effects. Monitor air quality per OSHA standards.

BURN HAZARD: GLYCEROL BATH CAN REACH TEMPERATURES OF 90 °C (~200 °F) AND LEAD TO SEVERE BURNS. Only trained users should perform the glycerol curing step with caution and appropriate PPE. We also recommend placing a warning label on the window of the cure unit to alert all lab users to the potential hazard.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of clean water for at least 20 minutes, and consult a physician. Wash the contacted area thoroughly with soap and water.

Inhalation: In case of exposure to a high concentration of vapor or mist, remove person to fresh air. Give oxygen or artificial respiration as required.

Ingestion: Contact your regional poison control center immediately.

Precautions:

1. When washing the printed Try-In dentures with solvent or grinding the Try-In dentures, it should be in a properly ventilated environment with proper protective masks and gloves.
2. Store DENTCA Try-In for Carbon printers at or below 15 - 25 °C (60 -77 °F) and avoid direct sunlight. Keep container closed when it is not in use. Product shall not be used after expiration date.
3. Expired or unused DENTCA Try-In for Carbon printers shall be disposed in accordance with local regulations.
4. Glycerol and isopropanol shall be disposed in accordance with local regulations.

Adverse Reactions:

1. Direct contact with the uncured resin may induce skin sensitization in susceptible individuals.
2. Proper ventilation and personal protective equipment should be used when grinding Try-In dentures as the particulate generated during grinding may cause respiratory, skin and eye irritation.

Procedure to Print Try-In denture:

1. Printing Preparation – See attachment for details.
 - a. Select the DENTCA Try-In material.
 - b. Wearing proper PPE, fill cassette with fresh DENTCA Try-In for Carbon printers resin.
 - c. Close the printer door.

2. Printing (visit <https://print.carbon.com/>) - See Carbon for training.
 - a. Upload the Try-In denture model STL file (a denture model including denture base and teeth as one body) into Carbon’s software.
 - b. Orient the Try-In denture so that the tissue side (intaglio surface) faces the build platform. The recommended orientation is a tilted orientation such as space diagonal from 20° to 40°.
 - c. Generate fence supports around the perimeter of the Try-In denture. Ensure the regions near the posterior teeth and palate are well-supported.
 - d. Select desired slice thickness.
 - e. Start printing.

3. Cleaning - See attachment for details.
 - a. Remove the printed Try-In denture from the build platform.
 - b. Wash the Try-In denture with isopropyl alcohol (IPA), remove remaining supports, and smoothen support spots using a bur or hand tool as needed.
 - c. Ensure the Try-In denture is dry before curing (such as compressed air, paper towels, or additional drying time at room temperature).

4. Post Curing
 - a. Cure the Try-In denture by completely submerging in the glycerol container (glycerol temperature should be greater than 60°C) for:
 - i. 20 min in the Dymax ECE 5000, flipping the dentures over halfway through the post cure
 - ii. 30 minutes under vacuum at 90% LED intensity in the Dreve PCU LED with no flipping (both sides cure simultaneously).

5. Finishing
 - a. Polish the final denture with wet polishing sand by conventional method.